IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW ZEALAND

SC 14/2012 [2012] NZSC 37

BETWEEN VINCENT ROSS SIEMER

Applicant

AND SOLICITOR-GENERAL OF NEW

ZEALAND Respondent

SC 15/2012

BETWEEN VINCENT ROSS SIEMER

Applicant

AND CHIEF JUSTICE OF NEW ZEALAND

First Respondent

AND THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF NEW

ZEALAND

Second Respondent

Court: Blanchard and William Young JJ

Counsel: Applicant in Person

A M Powell for Respondents

Judgment: 15 May 2012

JUDGMENT OF THE COURT

The applications for leave to appeal are dismissed, with costs reserved.

REASONS

[1] The applicant is in both these applications seeking leave to appeal to this Court against an order made by Arnold J in the Court of Appeal declining to review decisions of the Acting Registrar of that Court to fix security for costs of \$5,560 in respect of each appeal to that Court.¹

[2] Mr Siemer asserts that r 35 of the Court of Appeal (Civil) Rules 2005, under

which the Acting Registrar and Arnold J acted, is impermissibly broad and uncertain

in its application and thus is inconsistent with the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act

1990 and art 14 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights because

its exercise restricts or prevents access to justice. Although not precisely stated in

this way, the proposed argument must be that the rule is therefore ultra vires the

rulemaking power in the Judicature Act 1908 when read consistently with those

instruments,² and in particular s 27(2) of the Bill of Rights, which for present

purposes can be assumed to extend to first appeals in civil proceedings.

[3] As the judgments below recognise, there are, however, long-established

principles in accordance with which security for costs is fixed or dispensed with

under a rule of this kind and which also guide the review of a registrar's decision by

a judge. The words of the rule do not stand by themselves. In light of the

established principles, the argument that the rule is overbroad or uncertain in its

application must fail. The rule, which is of a kind commonly found in comparable

jurisdictions, is plainly a reasonable limit in terms of s 5 of the Bill of Rights.

Section 66 of the Judicature Act expressly provides for the making of rules under the

Act for regulating the terms and conditions on which appeals are allowed (that is,

permitted). A rule concerned with security for costs is, unarguably, a regulating

provision.

[4] Arnold J conducted his review in accordance with principle and reached a

conclusion which cannot be said to be in error. Accordingly the criteria for an appeal

to this Court are not met.

Solicitors:

Crown Law Office, Wellington

Siemer v Solicitor-General [2012] NZCA 68.

See Drew v Attorney-General [2002] 1 NZLR 58 (CA) at [68].